

Answer on Question # 84420, Physics / Atomic and Nuclear Physics

Question 1. *The disintegration constant of ^{238}U is $\lambda = 4.87 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{s}^{-1}$. Calculate its half-life $t_{1/2}$ (in years). Also calculate the number of disintegration per second from $m = 1$ gram of Uranium. It is given that Avogadro's number $N_A = 6.02 \cdot 10^{23}$.*

Solution.

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda} = \frac{0.693}{4.87 \cdot 10^{-18}} \approx 0.14 \cdot 10^{18} \text{ s} \approx 4.5 \cdot 10^9 \text{ y.}$$

The atomic mass of ^{238}U is $M = 238 \text{ u}$. $\nu = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{N}{N_A} \Rightarrow N = \frac{mN_A}{M}$. The number of decays per second of a radioactive sample is

$$A = \lambda N = \frac{\lambda m N_A}{M} \approx 12318 \text{ s}^{-1}.$$

□