

Answer on Question #81061 - Physics - Mechanics, Relativity

Obtain expressions in component form for the position vectors having the following polar coordinates.

(a) 12.6 m, 140° counterclockwise from the +x axis

(b) 4.00 cm, 50.0° counterclockwise from the +x axis

(c) 20.0 in., 220° counterclockwise from the +x axis

Solution.

We denote the length of the vector \vec{R} by R and the angle between the positive direction of x-axis and the vector \vec{R} by θ . Let \vec{i} and \vec{j} be the unit vectors directed along the x-axis and y-axis respectively.

The projections of the vector \vec{R} on the axis:

$$R_x = R \cos \theta$$

$$R_y = R \sin \theta$$

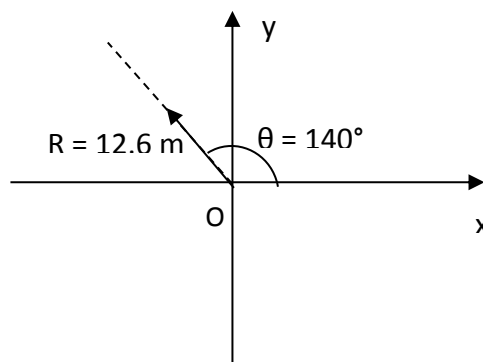
Vector in the component notation:

$$\vec{R} = (R_x, R_y) = \vec{i}R_x + \vec{j}R_y$$

$$\vec{R} = (R \cos \theta, R \sin \theta) = \vec{i}R \cos \theta + \vec{j}R \sin \theta$$

(a).

$$R = 12.6 \text{ m}; \theta = 140^\circ$$



$$R \cos \theta = 12.6 \times \cos 140^\circ \approx -9.7 \text{ m}$$

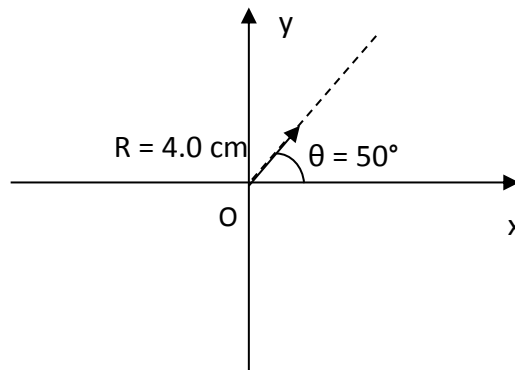
$$R \sin \theta = 12.6 \times \sin 140^\circ \approx 8.1 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{R} = (-9.7 \text{ m}, 8.1 \text{ m}) = -\vec{i} \times (9.7 \text{ m}) + \vec{j} \times (8.1 \text{ m})$$

Answer: $\vec{R} = (-9.7 \text{ m}, 8.1 \text{ m}) = -\vec{i} \times (9.7 \text{ m}) + \vec{j} \times (8.1 \text{ m})$

(b).

$$R = 4.00 \text{ cm}; \theta = 50^\circ$$



$$R \cos \theta = 4.00 \times \cos 50^\circ \approx -2.57 \text{ cm}$$

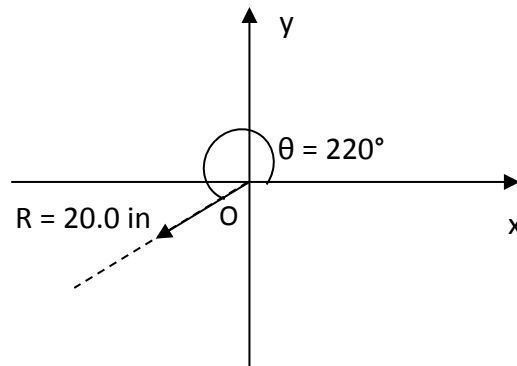
$$R \sin \theta = 4.00 \times \sin 50^\circ \approx 3.06 \text{ cm}$$

$$\vec{R} = (-2.57 \text{ cm}, 3.06 \text{ cm}) = -\vec{i} \times (2.57 \text{ cm}) + \vec{j} \times (3.06 \text{ cm})$$

Answer: $\vec{R} = (-2.57 \text{ cm}, 3.06 \text{ cm}) = -\vec{i} \times (2.57 \text{ cm}) + \vec{j} \times (3.06 \text{ cm})$

(c).

$$R = 20.0 \text{ in}; \theta = 220^\circ$$



$$R \cos \theta = 20.0 \times \cos 220^\circ \approx -15.3 \text{ in}$$

$$R \sin \theta = 20.0 \times \sin 220^\circ \approx -12.9 \text{ in}$$

$$\vec{R} = (-15.3 \text{ in}, -12.9 \text{ in}) = -\vec{i} \times (15.3 \text{ in}) - \vec{j} \times (12.9 \text{ in})$$

Answer: $\vec{R} = (-15.3 \text{ in}, -12.9 \text{ in}) = -\vec{i} \times (15.3 \text{ in}) - \vec{j} \times (12.9 \text{ in})$

Answer provided by <https://www.AssignmentExpert.com>