## Answer on Question \#66219-Physics - Field Theory

A -12 nC charge is located at $(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y})=(1 \mathrm{CM}, 0 \mathrm{CM})$ what are the electric fields at the positions $(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y})$ $=(5,0) \mathrm{CM}(-5,0) \mathrm{cm}$ and $(0,5) \mathrm{cm}$ write each electric field vector in component form.

## Solution

The charge position $\mathbf{r}=(1,0)$.
The electric field at the point $\mathbf{r}^{\prime}$ is

$$
\mathbf{E}=k \frac{q}{\left|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}\right|^{2}} \frac{\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}}{\left|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}\right|^{\prime}}
$$

So
a) $\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}=(5-1 ; 0-0)=(4 ; 0), \quad\left|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}\right|=\sqrt{4^{2}+0^{2}}=4 \mathrm{~cm}=0.04 \mathrm{~m}$.

$$
\mathbf{E}=9 \times 10^{9} \frac{-12 \times 10^{-9}}{0.04^{2}} \frac{(0.04 ; 0)}{0.04}=(-67500 ; 0) \frac{\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{~m}}=(-67.5 ; 0) \frac{\mathrm{kV}}{\mathrm{~m}} .
$$

b) $\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}=(-5-1 ; 0-0)=(-6 ; 0), \quad\left|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}\right|=\sqrt{(-6)^{2}+0^{2}}=6 \mathrm{~cm}=0.06 \mathrm{~m}$.

$$
\mathbf{E}=9 \times 10^{9} \frac{-12 \times 10^{-9}}{0.06^{2}} \frac{(0.06 ; 0)}{0.06}=(-30000 ; 0) \frac{\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{~m}}=(-30 ; 0) \frac{\mathrm{kV}}{\mathrm{~m}} .
$$

c) $\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}=(0-1 ; 5-0)=(-1 ; 5), \quad\left|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}^{\prime}\right|=\sqrt{(-1)^{2}+5^{2}}=\sqrt{26} \mathrm{~cm}=0.05 \mathrm{~m}$.

$$
\mathbf{E}=9 \times 10^{9} \frac{-12 \times 10^{-9}}{0.05^{2}} \frac{(-0.01 ; 0.05)}{0.05}=(8640 ;-43200) \frac{\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{~m}}=(8.64 ;-43.2) \frac{\mathrm{kV}}{\mathrm{~m}} .
$$

Answers: $(-67.5 ; 0) \frac{\mathrm{kV}}{\mathrm{m}},(-30 ; 0) \frac{\mathrm{kV}}{\mathrm{m}},(8.64 ;-43.2) \frac{\mathrm{kV}}{\mathrm{m}}$.
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