

Answer on Question #66035, Physics / Mechanics | Relativity

A sonometer wire having cross-sectional area $0.85 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$ is stretched between two rigid supports 1.2 m apart. A tension of 20 N is applied at its free end. If the temperature is reduced by 12°C , calculate the final tension in the wire. Take coefficient of linear expansion (α) and isothermal Young's modulus (γ) to be $1.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$ and $2.0 \times 10^{11} \text{ Nm}^{-2}$, respectively.

Solution:

When $dL = 0$, we using the next equation

$$dF = -A\gamma\alpha dT$$

Integrating this equation

$$\int_{F_1}^{F_2} dF = -A\gamma\alpha \int_{T_1}^{T_2} dT$$

We get

$$F_2 - F_1 = A\gamma\alpha (T_1 - T_2)$$

Let $T_1 = 20^\circ\text{C}$

$$F_2 - F_1 = 0.85 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2 \times 1.5 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 2.0 \cdot 10^{11} \text{ Nm}^{-2} \times 8 \text{ K}$$

$$F_2 - F_1 = 20.4 \text{ N}$$

So that

$$F_2 = 20.4 \text{ N} + 20 \text{ N} = 40.4 \text{ N}$$

Answer: 40.4 N