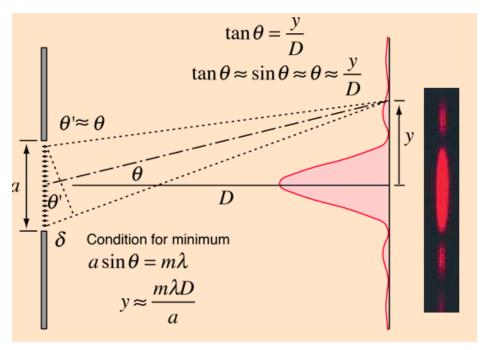
## Answer on Question #66031, Physics / Other

Determine the distance that the third bright fringe would lie from the central bisector in a single slit diffraction pattern generated with 542 nm light incident on a  $1.2 \times 10^{-4}$  m slit falling onto a screen 68cm away.

## **Solution:**



The general condition for a minimum for a single slit is:

$$m\lambda = a\sin\theta$$

where m = 1, 2, 3, 4 and so on

- a is the width of the slit,
- $\theta$  is the angle of incidence at which the minimum intensity occurs, and
- λ is the wavelength of the light

The distance of the bright fringe on screen from the central bisector is:

$$y \approx \frac{m\lambda D}{a}$$

Thus,

$$y = \frac{3 \times (542 \times 10^{-9} \ m) \times (0.68 \ m)}{1.2 \times 10^{-4} \ m} = 0.009214 \ m \approx 9.2 \ mm$$

Answer: 9.2 mm

Source: http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/phyopt/sinslit.html