

Answer on question #61851, Physics / Other

Question Given that vectors $\mathbf{a}=5\mathbf{i}2\mathbf{j}+3\mathbf{k}$ $\mathbf{b}=3\mathbf{i}+\mathbf{j}2\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{c}=\mathbf{i}3\mathbf{j}+4\mathbf{k}$, calculate the scalar triple product $\mathbf{a} \cdot (\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c})$

- a. 12
- b. 6
- c. -12
- d. -6.

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a} \cdot (\mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}) &\equiv \det \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{bmatrix} = \\ &= \det \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = 20 + 4 - 27 - 3 + 24 - 30 = -12\end{aligned}$$