

Answer on question #61569, Physics / Molecular Physics | Thermodynamics

Statement of a problem

How many grams of ice must we add in 500g of water which has temperature 30 °C so when the ice melts completely, the final temperature of water would be 5 °C?

$t_1 = 30\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ – initial temperature of the water;

$m_w = 0.5\text{ kg}$ – mass of the water;

$t_2 = 5\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ – final temperature of water;

$t_{ice} = 0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ – temperature of the ice;

$\lambda = 3.5 \times 10^5\text{ J/kg}$ – specific heat of fusion of ice

$C = 4.2 \times 10^3\text{ J/kg}$ – specific heat capacity of water

Find: m_{ice} – ? – mass of the ice

Thermal balance equation

$$Q_f + Q_1 = Q_2,$$

Where $Q_f = \lambda m_{ice}$ – heat of fusion,

$Q_1 = C m_{ice} (t_2 - t_{ice})$ – heat expended on heating the melt water

$Q_2 = C m_w (t_1 - t_2)$ – heat from hot water

$$\lambda m_{ice} + C m_{ice} (t_2 - t_{ice}) = C m_w (t_1 - t_2)$$

$$m_{ice} (\lambda + C (t_2 - t_{ice})) = C m_w (t_1 - t_2)$$

$$m_{ice} = \frac{C m_w (t_1 - t_2)}{\lambda + C (t_2 - t_{ice})}$$

Calculation:

$$m_{ice} = \frac{4.2 \times 10^3 \times 0.5 \times (30 - 5)}{3.5 \times 10^5 + 4.2 \times 10^3 \times (5 - 0)} = \frac{2.1 \times 25 \times 10^3}{3.5 \times 10^5 + 2.1 \times 10^4} = \frac{5.25}{35.1} \approx 0.1496\text{ (kg)}$$

$$m_{ice} \approx 0.1496\text{ kg} = 149.6\text{ g}$$

Answer: $m_{ice} \approx 0.1496\text{ kg} = 149.6\text{ g}$