

Answer on Question #61336-Physics-Electromagnetism

1) Calculate the potential difference between the plates of a parallel plate capacitor so that the gravitational force on a proton would be balanced by the electric field (proton mass = $1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{kg}$, electronic charge $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{C}$, plate separation is 0.5cm. Take $g = 9.8 \text{m/s}^2$)

- a) $1.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{V}$
- b) $2.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{V}$
- c) $1.7 \times 10^{-6} \text{V}$
- d) $3.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{V}$

Solution

From 2nd Newton's law:

$$ma = 0 = mg - F_{el}$$

$$mg = eE = \frac{eU}{d}$$

$$U = \frac{mgd}{e} = \frac{1.67 \cdot 10^{-27} \cdot 9.8 \cdot 0.005}{1.6 \cdot 10^{-19}} = 5.1 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{V}.$$

2) Select the correct option from the following

- a) electric field is a scalar quantity
- b) electromotive force is a vector quantity
- c) electric current is a scalar quantity
- d) electric potential is a vector quantity

Answer: Electric current $I = \frac{dq}{dt}$. As both charge and time are scalars, therefore electric current is a scalar quantity. So, the correct answer is **c) electric current is a scalar quantity.**