

Question #61083, Physics / Mechanics | Relativity

the required takeoff speed for a large airplane is 180 mi/hr (roughly 80 m/s). the plane is capable of acceleration at a rate of 4m/s<sup>2</sup>. assume the plane starts at rest.

- a). determine the minimum runway length required for this plane to safely take off.
- b). a smaller airplane requires a takeoff speed that is half as much as the large airplane. Determine the minimum runway length required for this smaller plane to safely takeoff.

**Solution**

$$a) \quad d = \frac{v_f^2 - v_0^2}{2a};$$

$$d = \frac{80^2 - 0^2}{2 \times 4} = 800 \text{ m}$$

- b) Assuming the small airplane is capable of the same acceleration.

$$d = \frac{40^2 - 0^2}{2 \times 4} = 200 \text{ m}$$

**Answer:** 800 m, 200 m.