

Answer on Question 60287, Physics – Electromagnetism

Question:

A parallel plate capacitor is to be designed with a voltage rating of 1 *kV* using material of dielectric constant 3 and electric field strength 10^6 *V/m*. What minimum area of plates is required to have a capacitance 50 *pF*?

Solution:

First of all, let's find the distance between the plates. We can find it from the definition of the electric field strength: $E = \frac{V}{d}$, here, *V* is the potential difference between the plates of a parallel plate capacitor (or voltage), *d* is the distance between the plates.

Then, we get:

$$d = \frac{V}{E} = \frac{1.0 \cdot 10^3 \text{ V}}{10^6 \text{ V/m}} = 0.001 \text{ m.}$$

Let's recall the formula for the capacitance of the parallel-plate capacitor:

$$C = \epsilon_0 \epsilon \frac{A}{d},$$

here, *C* is the capacitance of the parallel-plate capacitor, ϵ_0 is the permittivity of free space, ϵ is permittivity of the dielectric material (or dielectric constant), *A* is the area of the plates, *d* is the distance between the plates.

Then, from this formula we can find the minimum area of the plates that required to have a capacitance 50 *pF*:

$$A_{min} = \frac{Cd}{\epsilon_0 \epsilon} = \frac{50 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ F} \cdot 0.001 \text{ m}}{8.854 \cdot 10^{-12} \frac{\text{F}}{\text{m}} \cdot 3} = 19.0 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 = 19 \text{ cm}^2.$$

Answer:

$$A_{min} = 19.0 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 = 19 \text{ cm}^2.$$