

## Answer on Question 58479, Physics, Mechanics, Relativity

### Question:

Determine the quantity of heat required to convert 1 kg of ice at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to water at  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ ? Specific heat capacities of water and ice are  $4186 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K}$  and  $2302 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K}$  respectively. The latent heat of fusion of ice is  $L_f = 3.33 \cdot 10^5 \text{ J/kg}$ .

### Solution:

Let's calculate the amount of heat required to convert a 1 kg of ice at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to a water at  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ :

$$Q = Q_1 + Q_2 + Q_3,$$

where  $Q_1$  is the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of ice from  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $Q_2$  is the latent heat required to change the state from ice at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to water at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $Q_3$  is the amount of heat required to raise the temperature of water from  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

$$Q_1 = m_{ice}c_{ice}\Delta t = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot 2302 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}^{\circ}\text{C}} \cdot (0^{\circ}\text{C} - (-20^{\circ}\text{C})) = 46040 \text{ J},$$

$$Q_2 = m_{ice}L_f = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot 3.33 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}} = 333000 \text{ J},$$

$$Q_3 = m_{water}c_{water}\Delta t = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot 4186 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}^{\circ}\text{C}} \cdot (100^{\circ}\text{C} - 0^{\circ}\text{C}) = 418600 \text{ J},$$

$$Q = Q_1 + Q_2 + Q_3 = 46040 \text{ J} + 333000 \text{ J} + 418600 \text{ J} = 797640 \text{ J}.$$

### Answer:

$$Q = 797640 \text{ J}.$$