

### Answer on Question #57842-Physics- Mechanics

A particle of mass  $m$  is accelerated along the positive  $x$ -direction by a constant force; It starts from rest at the origin of an inertial frame. A second reference frame moves with constant speed  $V_0$  along the negative  $x$ -direction; initially, the frame coincides with an inertial frame.

a) Find the velocity and position of the particle as a function of time in both reference frames

b) Find the work done by the force during a time interval  $t$  in both frames

#### Solution

a) The velocity of the particle in first frame:

$$v = 0 + at = at.$$

The position of the particle in first frame:

$$s = \int_0^t v dt = \frac{at^2}{2}.$$

The velocity of the particle in second frame:

$$v' = v_0 + at.$$

The position of the particle in second frame:

$$s' = \int_0^t v' dt = v_0 t + \frac{at^2}{2}.$$

b) The work done by the force during a time interval  $t$  in the first frame is

$$W = mas = ma \frac{at^2}{2} = \frac{ma^2 t^2}{2}.$$

The work done by the force during a time interval  $t$  in the second frame is

$$W' = mas' = ma \left( v_0 t + \frac{at^2}{2} \right) = mav_0 t + \frac{ma^2 t^2}{2}.$$