

Answer on Question 57145, Physics, Molecular Physics | Thermodynamics

Question:

An ideal gas is expanding such that $PT = \text{const}$. The coefficient of volume expansion of the gas is

- a) $1/T$
- b) $2/T$
- c) $3/T$
- d) $4/T$

Solution:

We can find the coefficient of volume expansion of the gas from the formula:

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{V} \frac{dV}{dT}.$$

Let's write the ideal gas law:

$$PV = nRT.$$

From this formula we can find P :

$$P = \frac{nRT}{V}.$$

Therefore, substituting P into the formula $PT = \text{const}$ we get:

$$\frac{nRT}{V} T = \text{const},$$

$$nRT^2 = \text{const} \cdot V.$$

Let's differentiate the last equation:

$$2nRTdT = \text{const} \cdot dV,$$

$$\frac{dV}{dT} = \frac{2nRT}{\text{const}}.$$

Then, we can find the coefficient of volume expansion (from the ideal gas law we obtain $V = \frac{nRT}{P}$ and $PT = \text{const}$):

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{V} \frac{dV}{dT} = \frac{2nRT}{\text{const} \cdot V} = \frac{2nRT}{P_T \cdot \frac{nRT}{P}} = \frac{2}{T}$$

Answer:

b) $\gamma = 2/T$.