## Answer on Question \#55517-Physics-Optics

A light ray of angle of incidence $40^{\circ}$ emerged from prism in minimum deviation position. The what is the angle of incidence on the second surface?

## Solution



In the minimum deviation position, $\angle i_{1}=\angle i_{2}$. Thus, the angle of incidence on the second surface is equal to the angle of incidence on the first surface.

$$
\angle i_{2}=\angle i_{1}=40^{\circ}
$$

Answer: $40^{\circ}$.

