

### Answer on Question #54560-Physics-Mechanics-Kinematics-Dynamics

What is the mass of Jupiter? (Assume that Callisto's mass is negligible compared with that of Jupiter and use the modified version of Kepler's third law).

#### Solution

We have to use Kepler's law that  $\frac{MP^2}{a^3}$  is constant. If we use solar mass, the Earth year and the AU as units, the constant is one.

$$P = 16.7 \text{ days} = \frac{16.7}{365} = 0.0457 \text{ years}$$

$$a = 1.88 \cdot 10^6 \text{ km} = \frac{1.88 \cdot 10^6}{1.5 \cdot 10^8} = 0.0126 \text{ AU}$$

Therefore, the mass of Jupiter is

$$M_{Jupiter} = \frac{0.0126^3}{0.0457^2} = 9.58 \cdot 10^{-4} M_{Sun} = 9.58 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot 1.99 \cdot 10^{30} = 1.91 \cdot 10^{27} \text{ kg.}$$

**Answer:  $1.91 \cdot 10^{27} \text{ kg.}$**