Answer on Question#54225, Physics / Other

The motion with uniform acceleration is $a = \frac{dv}{dt} = const$. Using the last equation, dv = adt, and integrating from both sides, obtain $v = at + v_0$, where v_0 is the velocity at t = 0. Since $v = \frac{dx}{dt}$, using expression for velocity derived above, obtain $dx = (at + v_0)dt$. Integrating from both sides, obtain $x(t) = x_0 + v_0t + \frac{at^2}{2}$, where x_0 is the position at moment t = 0. Thus, the displacement covered at nth second t = n of motion is $v_0 n + \frac{an^2}{2}$.

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