

Answer on Question #54034, Physics Quantum Mechanics

Obtain the expectation value of the potential energy $V(x) = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 x^2$ of the onedimensional harmonic oscillator in the first excited state/

Solution:

The expectation value of the potential energy

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \psi_1 | V | \psi_1 \rangle &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \psi_1(x) V(x) \psi_1(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{a^{3/2} \sqrt{2}}{\pi^{1/4}} x \exp\left[-\frac{a^2 x^2}{2}\right] \frac{m \omega^2 x^2}{2} \frac{a^{3/2} \sqrt{2}}{\pi^{1/4}} x \exp\left[-\frac{a^2 x^2}{2}\right] dx = \\ &= \frac{2a^3}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{m \omega^2 x^4}{2} \exp[-a^2 x^2] dx = \frac{m \omega^2}{a^2 \sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} (ax)^4 \exp[-a^2 x^2] d(ax) = \left. \begin{array}{l} \xi = (ax)^2 \\ d\xi = 2ax d(ax) = 2\sqrt{y} \xi d(ax) \end{array} \right| \\ &= \frac{m \omega^2}{a^2 \sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \xi^2 \exp[-\xi] \frac{d\xi}{2\sqrt{\xi}} = \frac{m \omega^2}{a^2 \sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \xi^2 \exp[-\xi] \frac{d\xi}{2\sqrt{\xi}} = \frac{m \omega^2}{2a^2 \sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \xi^{3/2} \exp[-\xi] d\xi = \\ &= \frac{m \omega^2}{2a^2 \sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma(5/2) = \frac{m \omega^2}{2a^2 \sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \Gamma(1/2) = \frac{3m \omega^2}{8a^2 \sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \sqrt{\pi} = \frac{3m \omega^2}{8a^2} \end{aligned}$$

where $\Gamma(\xi)$ is the Gamma-function, $\psi_1(x) = \frac{a^{3/2} \sqrt{2}}{\pi^{1/4}} x \exp\left[-\frac{a^2 x^2}{2}\right]$ is the wave function

Answer: $\langle \psi_1 | V | \psi_1 \rangle = \frac{3m \omega^2}{8a^2}$