

Answer on Question#53383 - Physics - Mechanics - Kinematics - Dynamics

A lorry, of mass $m = 38000 \text{ kg}$, starts up a hill of gradient 1 in 12. The constant acceleration is $a = 0.06 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$ and resistance to motion is $F_r = 1200 \text{ N}$ (not gravitational force). What is the tractive force F in Newton's exerted by the lorry's driving wheels?

Solution:

According to the Newton's second law we obtain

$$ma = F - (F_r + mg \sin \phi),$$

where $g = 10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$ – acceleration due to gravity, and ϕ – is the angle of the incline. It's given that $\tan \phi = \frac{1}{12}$, or equivalently $\cot \phi = 12$. Since

$$\sin \phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \cot^2 \phi}},$$

we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} ma &= F - \left(F_r + \frac{mg}{\sqrt{1 + \cot^2 \phi}} \right) \\ F &= ma + F_r + \frac{mg}{\sqrt{1 + \cot^2 \phi}} = 38000 \text{ kg} \cdot 0.06 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} + 1200 \text{ N} + \frac{38000 \text{ kg} \cdot 10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{\sqrt{1 + 144}} = \\ &= 35037 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

Answer: 35037 N.