A He-Ne laser emits a beam of diameter $d = 2 \times 10^{-3}$ m and wavelength $\lambda = 630$ nm. It is directed towards an aeroplane flying at a height of H = 11km. Calculate the diameter of the light patch produced on the surface of the aeroplane.

Solution:

The angle of diffraction (first minimum) of the laser with such diameter of the outlet is given by

$$\sin\theta = 1.22\frac{\lambda}{d}$$

Therefore the diameter of the light patch on the surface of the plane is

$$D = H \cdot \sin \theta = 1.22 \cdot H \frac{\lambda}{d} = 1.22 \cdot 11000 \text{m} \frac{630 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{m}}{2 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{m}} = 4.23 \text{m}$$

<u>Answer:</u> $D = 1.22 \cdot H \frac{\lambda}{d} = 4.23$ m.