

### Answer on Question #51239, Physics, Solid State Physics

**Task:** Aluminium has three valence electrons per atom, an atomic weight of  $0.02698 \text{ kg mol}^{-1}$ , a density of  $2700 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ , and a conductivity of  $3.54 \times 10^7 \text{ } \Omega^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$ . Calculate the relaxation time in Aluminium

**Solution:**

Given, Atomic weight =  $0.02698 \text{ kg mol}^{-1}$ ; density  $D = 2.7 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ ; conductivity  $\sigma = 3.54 \times 10^7 \text{ } \Omega^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$ ; Avagadro number  $N_A = 6.022 \cdot 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

$$\sigma = \frac{ne^2\tau}{m}$$

$$n = (\text{number of free electrons} \cdot N_A \cdot D) / (\text{Atomic weight}) = \frac{3 \cdot 6.02 \cdot 10^{23} \cdot 2.7 \cdot 10^3}{0.02698} \text{ m}^{-3} \approx 18.08 \cdot 10^{28} \text{ m}^{-3}$$

$$\text{Thus, } \tau = \frac{\sigma m}{ne^2} = \frac{3.54 \cdot 10^7 \cdot 4.48 \cdot 10^{-31}}{18.08 \cdot 10^{28} \cdot (1.6 \cdot 10^{-19})^2} = 0.34 \cdot 10^{-14} \text{ s}$$

**Answer:**  $\tau = 0.34 \cdot 10^{-14} \text{ s}$

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