

### 50645, Physics, Molecular Physics — Thermodynamics

**Question** i) Write an expression for Planck's law for energy density of photons in a cavity and calculate total energy density, u. ii) Consider sun as a black body whose interior consists of photons gas at  $T = 3 \cdot 10^6$  K Calculate the energy density of the solar radiations. Take  $\sigma = 7.56 \times 10^{-16} \text{ J m}^{-3} \text{ K}^{-4}$

**Solution** Planck's law for energy density of photons is

$$B_\nu(\nu, T) = \frac{2h\nu^3}{c^2} \frac{1}{e^{\frac{h\nu}{k_B T}} - 1}$$

where  $\nu$  is frequency of photons.

Total energy density is Planck's law integrated over all frequencies:

$$P = \int_0^\infty d\nu \int_0^{\pi/2} d\theta \int_0^{2\pi} d\phi B_\nu(T) \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) = \sigma T^4$$

Now we can find energy density of the solar radiation. Real value of Boltzmann constant is  $\sigma = 5.67 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ J s}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$ . Hence

$$P = \sigma T^4 = 5.67 \cdot 10^{-8} \cdot 3 \cdot 10^6 \approx 0.17 \text{ J s}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$$