## Answer on Question \#49602-Physics-Mechanics-Kinematics-Dynamics

Horizontal Component is $v_{x 0}=7.5 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$.
Vertical Component $v_{y 0}=13.0 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$.
Assuming that air resistance is neglected find out the maximum height which the ball rises.

## Solution

If we assume that air resistance is neglected we can use the projectile motion approach.

The maximum height which the ball rises is given by the formula

$$
H_{\max }=\frac{v_{0}^{2} \sin ^{2} \alpha}{2 g}
$$

where $\alpha$ is an angle of projection, $g$ is an acceleration of gravity.

But

$$
v_{y 0}=v_{0} \sin \alpha
$$

Thus,

$$
H_{\max }=\frac{v_{y 0}^{2}}{2 g}=\frac{\left(13.0 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}\right)^{2}}{2 \cdot 9.8 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}}=8.6 \mathrm{~m}
$$

Answer: 8. 6 m.

