

Answer on Question #46466-Physics-Atomic Physics

Sodium metal crystallizes in the bcc structure. The metal has atomic weight 23 and density 971 kgm^{-3} . Calculate the cubic lattice parameter a and the shortest distance between atoms in this structure.

Solution

For the BCC structure, the density is given by:

$$\rho = \frac{2 \frac{M_{at} \left(10^{-3} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{g}} \right)}{N_A}}{a^3}.$$

Thus the lattice parameter a is:

$$a = \left(\frac{1}{500 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{kg}}} \frac{M_{at}}{N_A \rho} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{500 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{kg}}} \frac{(23 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}})}{(6.022 \cdot 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}) \cdot 971 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 4.28 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ m}.$$

The radius of the atom, R , and the lattice parameter, a , are related.

$$R = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a.$$

The shortest distance between atoms in this structure is one diameter

$$d = 2R = 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (4.28 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ m}) = 3.71 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ m}.$$