## Answer on Question \#40946, Physics, Mechanics | Kinematics | Dynamics

## Question:

A Newton is the force:
A. of gravity on 1 kg
B. of gravity on 1 g body
C. that gives a 1 g body an acceleration of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$
D. that gives 1 kg body an acceleration of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$
E. that gives a body of 1 kg mass an acceleration of $9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$

## Answer:

Newton's second law of motion states that

$$
F=m a
$$

where $F$ is the force applied, $m$ is the mass of the object receiving the force, and $a$ is the acceleration of the object.

The newton is therefore:

$$
1 \mathrm{~N}=1 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot 1 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}
$$

So, 1 newton gives 1 kg body an acceleration of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$
Answer: D. that gives 1 kg body an acceleration of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$

