

**Answer on Question #40824 – Physics – Mechanics**

A tunnel is dug across diameter of earth. A ball is released from surface of earth into the tunnel. The velocity of ball when it is at a distance  $R/2$  from centre of earth is answer in terms of  $G, M$  and  $R$

$R$  is radii of earth and  $M$  is mass of earth

**Solution:**

Gravitational potential at a point on the surface of the Earth

$$U_1 = -\frac{GM}{R} \quad (1)$$

If Earth is assumed to be a solid sphere, then the gravitational potential at the distance  $x = \frac{R}{2}$  from the centre of Earth is

$$\begin{aligned} U_2 &= -\int_{\infty}^x \vec{g} \cdot d\vec{x} = -\left[ \int_{\infty}^R \vec{g}_{outside} \cdot d\vec{x} + \int_R^x \vec{g}_{inside} \cdot d\vec{x} \right] = \\ &= \int_{\infty}^R \frac{GM}{x^2} dx + \int_R^x \frac{GMx}{R^3} dx = -\frac{GM}{R} + \frac{GM}{2R^3}(x^2 - R^2) = \\ &= -\frac{GM}{2R^3}(3R^2 - x^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$U_2 = -\frac{GM}{2R^3} \left( 3R^2 - \left( \frac{R}{2} \right)^2 \right) = -\frac{GM}{2R^3} \left( 3R^2 - \frac{R^2}{4} \right) = -\frac{11GMR^2}{8R^3} = -\frac{11GM}{8R} \quad (2)$$

Loss in the potential energy:

$$m(U_1 - U_2) = m \left( -\frac{GM}{R} + \frac{11GM}{8R} \right) = \frac{3GMm}{8R}$$

Now, gain in the kinetic energy = loss in potential energy:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2}mv^2 &= \frac{3GMm}{8R} \\ v^2 &= \frac{3GM}{4R} \\ v &= \sqrt{\frac{3GM}{4R}} \end{aligned}$$

**Answer:** The velocity of ball when it is at a distance  $R/2$  from centre of earth is

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{3GM}{4R}}$$