A helicopter $(\mathrm{m}=3250 \mathrm{~kg})$ is cruising at a speed of $56.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ at an altitude of 185 m . What is the total mechanical energy of the helicopter?

## Solution:

Total mechanical energy of the helicopter is the sum of kinetic and potential energy:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{W}=\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{k}}+\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{p}} & =\frac{\mathrm{mV}^{2}}{2}+\mathrm{mgh}=\frac{3250 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot\left(56.9 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}\right)^{2}}{2}+3250 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot 9.8 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}} \cdot 185 \mathrm{~m} \\
& =11.2 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~J}
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: Total mechanical energy of the helicopter is 11.2 MJ .

