

Question #36084

Hi! Could you please explain the solution to me step by step?

At a party some balloons are filled with helium. To fill them they have used gas from a bottle with volume 45 dm<sup>3</sup> and the pressure 1.00 MPa. The balloons are made to hold a pressure of 150 kPa. How many such balloons you can inflate if the balloons have an average volume of 4.0 dm<sup>3</sup>?

Solution:

Let

$$V_{bottle} = 45 \text{ L}$$

$$P_{bottle} = 1.00 \text{ MPa} = 1000 \text{ kPa}$$

$$V_{balloons} = 4 \text{ L}$$

$$P_{balloons} = 150 \text{ kPa}$$

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$$N_{balloons} = ?$$

According to the Boyle's law (isothermal process )

$V_{bottle}P_{bottle} = P_{balloons}V_{total}$  were  $V_{total}$  is the total volume of the helium after inflating balloons

Such as after inflating the balloons in bottle is the helium too

$$V_{total} = N_{balloons}V_{balloons} + V_{bottle}$$

$$V_{bottle}P_{bottle} = P_{balloons}(N_{balloons}V_{balloons} + V_{bottle})$$

$$N_{balloons} = \frac{\frac{V_{bottle}P_{bottle}}{P_{balloons}} - V_{bottle}}{V_{balloons}}$$

$$N_{balloons} = \frac{\frac{45 \cdot 1000}{150} - 45}{4} = 63.75$$

Such as the number of the balloons must be integer

**Answer: 63 balloons.**