

The route followed by a hiker consists of three displacement vectors, \vec{A} , \vec{B} , and \vec{C} . Vector \vec{A} is along a measured trail and is 2950 m in a direction 42.0° north of east. Vector \vec{B} is not along a measured trail, but the hiker uses a compass and knows that the direction is 37.0° east of south. Similarly, the direction of vector \vec{C} is 39.0° north of west. The hiker ends up back where she started, so the resultant displacement is zero, or $\vec{R} = 0$. Find the magnitudes of (a) vector \vec{B} and (b) vector \vec{C} .

Solution

Let B and C be the required vectors.

Resolving each of the vectors into components N and E, the total components in each direction are:

$$E: 2950 \cos 42 + B \sin 37 - C \cos 39$$

$$N: 2950 \sin 42 - B \cos 37 + C \sin 39$$

As the total vector displacement is 0, each of these components is 0.

$$B \sin 37 - C \cos 39 = -2950 \cos 42 \quad (1)$$

$$-B \cos 37 + C \sin 39 = -2950 \sin 42 \quad (2)$$

Adding (1) * $\cos 37$ to (2) * $\sin 37$:

$$-C(\cos 39 \cos 37 - \sin 39 \sin 37) = -2950(\cos 42 \cos 37 + \sin 42 \sin 37)$$

$$C \cos(39 + 37) = 2950 \cos(37 - 42)$$

$$C = \frac{2950 * \cos(5)}{\cos(76)} = 12147,62m.$$

= 3744.55 m.

Adding (1) * $\sin 39$ to (2) * $\cos 39$:

$$-B(\cos 39 \cos 37 - \sin 39 \sin 37) = -2950(\sin 39 \cos 42 + \cos 39 \sin 42)$$

$$-B \cos(39 + 37) = -2950 \sin(39 + 42)$$

$$B = \frac{2950 * \sin 81}{\cos(76)} = 12043,89m.$$

Answer: (a) 12147, 62m; (b) 12043, 89m.