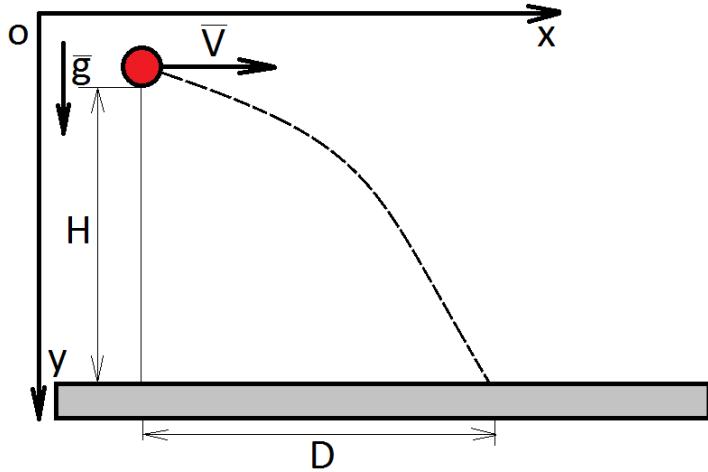


a plane flying horizontally at 100 m/s at a height of 1000 m releases a bomb. find

- i) the time taken to reach the ground.
- ii) the distance of the target

Solution:

After releasing, the bomb has the same speed as the plane. The equation of motion of the bomb to Y-axis: (t - time taken to reach the ground)



$$H = \frac{gt^2}{2}$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2H}{g}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 1000 \text{ m}}{9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}} = 14.28 \text{ s} \quad (1)$$

The equation of motion of the bomb to X-axis: (D - distance of the target)

$$D = Vt \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \text{ to } (2): D = 100 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \cdot 14.28 \text{ s} = 1428 \text{ m}$$

Answer: 1) - time taken to reach the ground $t = 14.28 \text{ s}$

2) distance of the target $D = 1428 \text{ m}$