

You are given a number of 10 ohm resistors is capable of dissipating only 1.0 W without being destroyed . what is the minimum number of such resistors that you need to combine in series or parallel combinations to a 10 ohm resistor that is capable of dissipating at least 5.0 W ? Draw the circuit diagram showing the arrangement you propose to achieve the above result?

Solution:

$P=R \cdot I^2$, where P is power, R is resistance, I is current

$$I^2=P/R$$

$$I^2=5/10=0.5$$

$$I=0.7 \text{ amp}$$

4 Resistors are combined in parallel.

Sum resistance is $R_s=2.5 \text{ ohm}$

We need to combine it to 10 ohm. It's 4 "blocks".

$U=I \cdot R$ where U it's voltage on resistor

$$U=1.75$$

$$P=(U^2)/R$$

$P=0.3 \text{ W}$ it's power on one resistor.

Answer:

