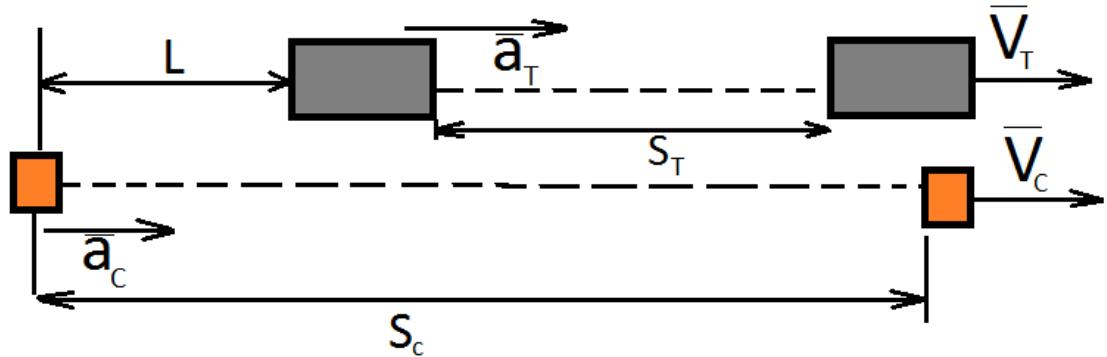


A car and a truck start from rest at the same instant, with the car initially at some distance behind the truck. The truck has a constant acceleration of 2.10 m/s^2 , and the car an acceleration of 3.31 m/s^2 . The car overtakes the truck after the truck has moved a distance 49.0 m .

- How much time does it take the car to overtake the truck?
- How far was the car behind the truck initially?
- What is the speed of the truck when they are abreast?
- What is the speed of the car when they are abreast?

Solution:



a_c – car's acceleration; a_t – truck's acceleration

a) Car require as much time to overtake the truck as needed a truck that would cover a distance $S = 49 \text{ m}$. Equation of motion for the truck:

$$S_T = \frac{a_T t^2}{2}$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2S_T}{a_T}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 * 49 \text{ m}}{2.1 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}} = 6.83 \text{ s}$$

b) To find the distance L we need to find the difference in distance that the car and truck drove. The equations of motion for the car:

$$S_C = \frac{a_c t^2}{2} = \frac{3.31 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} * (6.83 \text{ s})^2}{2} = 77.2 \text{ m}$$

$$L = S_C - S_T = 77.2 \text{ m} - 49.0 \text{ m} = 28.2 \text{ m}$$

c) Rate equation for a truck (in the beginning velocity equal to zero)

$$V_T = a_T t = 2.1 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} * 6.83 \text{ s} = 14.43 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

d) Rate equation for a car (in the beginning velocity equal to zero)

$$V_C = a_C t = 3.31 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} * 6.83 \text{ s} = 22.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

Answer: a) 6.83 s

b) $28.2\ m$

c) $14.43\ \frac{m}{s}$

d) $22.6\ \frac{m}{s}$