## Question \#32760

in an experiment involving an ideal gas the pressure ( $p$ ) of the gas is
plotted against the reciprocal of the volume $(1 / v)$ of the gas at constant temperature. the graph is $\qquad$
Answer:

The gaseous process at constant temperature called isothermal process.


The graph is isotherm.
At the graph dependence of the pressure (p) against the reciprocal of the volume ( $1 / \mathrm{v}$ ) the isotherm is as the straight line.


