A man is lost in the woods. He wanders 3.0 km N , then 7.0 km E , then 7 km S , then 4 km W . What is the magnitude and direction of his resultant displacement?

## Solution:



Consider separately vertical movement (north and south) and horizontal movement (east and west):

Vertical: man wandered 3 km north and 7 km south, therefore he wandered:

$$
7 \mathrm{~km}-3 \mathrm{~km}=4 \mathrm{~km} \text { south }
$$

Horizontal: man wandered 7 km east and 4 km west, therefore he wandered $7-4=3 \mathrm{~km}$ east.

$$
7 \mathrm{~km}-4 \mathrm{~km}=3 \mathrm{~km} \text { east }
$$

So man wandered 4 km south and 3 km east.

By the Pythagorean theorem we find the magnitude of resultant displacement:

$$
S=\sqrt{3 k m^{2}+4 k^{2}}=5 \mathrm{~km}
$$

Direction of resultant displacement: of rectangular triangle we can find the arc tangent of the angle a:

$$
a=\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)
$$

Answer: magnitude of resultant displacement: $S=5 \mathrm{~km}$
Direction of resultant displacement: $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$ degrees from east towards south.

