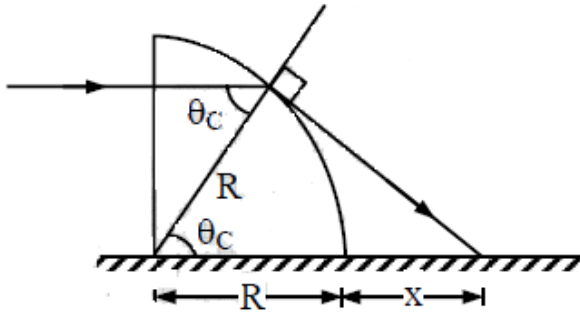


a glass prism in the shape of a quarter-cylinder lies on a horizontal table. a uniform, horizontal light beam falls on its vertical plane surface, as shown in the figure. if the radius of the cylinder is $R=5\text{cm}$ and the refractive index of the glass is $n=1.5$, where, on the table beyond the cylinder, will a path of light be found?

Solution



Referring to the ray diagram, we have, $\sin \theta_c = \frac{1}{n}$ and

$$\cos \theta_c = \frac{R}{R+x}, \cos \theta_c = \sqrt{1 - (\sin \theta_c)^2} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n^2}} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1.5^2}} = 0.745$$

$$\text{giving } x = R \left(\frac{1}{0.745} - 1 \right) = 5 \left(\frac{1}{0.745} - 1 \right) = 1.71 \text{ cm.}$$

Now consider the lower part of the cylinder as a planoconvex lens to get $f = 2R = 10 \text{ cm}$. Thus the path of light will be found between 1.71 cm and 10 cm beyond the cylinder.

Answer: between 1.71 cm and 10 cm beyond the cylinder.