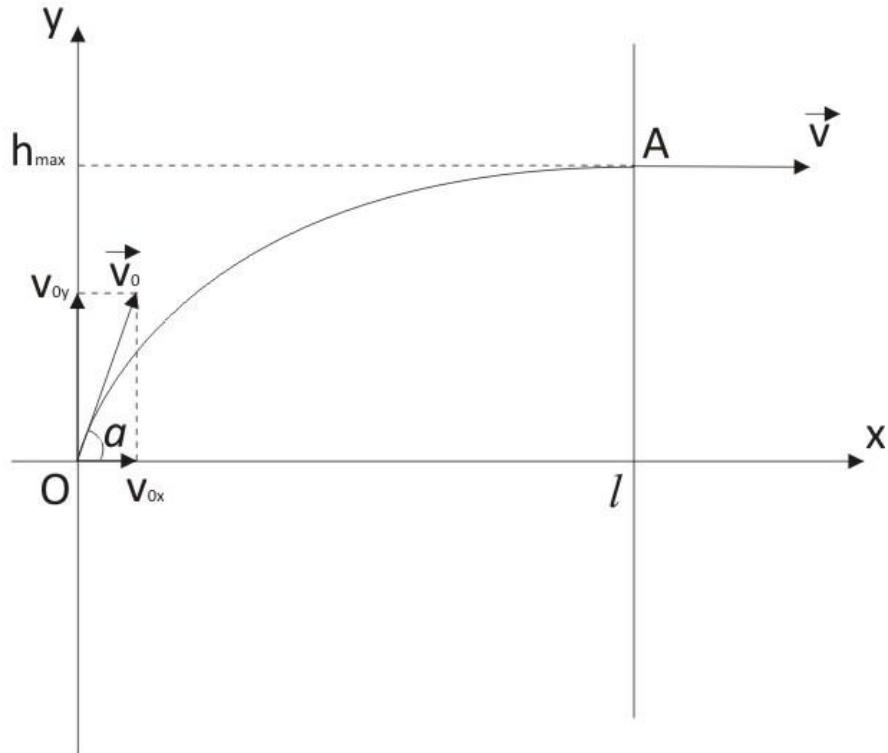


A boy wants to throw a letter wrapped over a stone to his friend across the street 40m wide. The boy's window is 10m below friend's window. How should he throw it?

Solution.

$$l = 40 \text{ m}, h_{\max} = 10 \text{ m}, g = 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2};$$

$$v_0 - ? \quad \alpha - ?$$



A boy should throw a stone so that it will fly in a parabola.

A point "O" is the window of the boy;

A point "A" is the window of the boy's friend.

A Point "A" is the highest point the stone attained.

A boy has to throw a stone at an angle α , with an initial speed v_0 , as in the diagram.

Projections of the speed by the axis:

$$v_x = v_0 \cos \alpha;$$

$$v_y = v_0 \sin \alpha.$$

We obtain the time of the flight of the stone.

The equation of the projection of the speed for the y-axis:

$$v_y = v_{0y} - gt;$$

$$v_y = v_0 \sin \alpha - gt.$$

At the point "A" $v_y = 0$

$$0 = v_0 \sin \alpha - gt;$$

$$v_0 \sin \alpha = gt;$$

$$t = \frac{v_0 \sin \alpha}{g}.$$

The max height attained by the stone.

$$h_{max} = v_{0y} t - \frac{gt^2}{2};$$

$$h_{max} = v_0 \sin \alpha t - \frac{gt^2}{2};$$

$$t = \frac{v_0 \sin \alpha}{g}.$$

$$h_{max} = v_0 \sin \alpha \frac{v_0 \sin \alpha}{g} - \frac{g}{2} \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{g^2};$$

$$h_{max} = \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{g} - \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{2g};$$

$$h_{max} = \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{2g}.$$

The range of the stone:

$$l = v_{0x} t;$$

$$l = v_0 \cos \alpha t;$$

$$l = v_0 \cos \alpha \frac{v_0 \sin \alpha}{g};$$

$$l = \frac{v_0^2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{g}.$$

We have two equations:

$$1. h_{max} = \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{2g};$$

$$2. l = \frac{v_0^2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{g}.$$

Divide the second equation by the first and obtain the angle α :

$$\frac{l}{h_{max}} = \frac{v_0^2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha 2g}{gv_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha};$$

$$\frac{l}{h_{max}} = \frac{2 \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha};$$

$$\frac{l}{h_{max}} = \frac{2}{\tan \alpha};$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{2h_{max}}{l}.$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{2 \cdot 10}{40} = 0.5$$

$$\alpha = 26,565^\circ.$$

From the first equation we obtain an initial speed.

$$h_{max} = \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{2g};$$

$$v_0 = \frac{\sqrt{2gh_{max}}}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$v_0 = \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 9.8 \cdot 10}}{\sin(26,565^\circ)} = 31.3 \left(\frac{m}{s} \right).$$

Answer: A boy should throw a letter wrapped over a stone at an angle $\alpha = 26,565^\circ$ at a initial speed of $v_0 = 31.3 \frac{m}{s}$.

If the boy is throwing a stone at a lower speed, he will have to increase the angle of throwing.