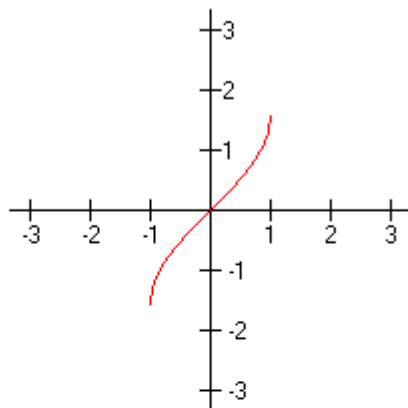


## Answer to Question #87409 – Math – Trigonometry

### Question

The following graph depicts which inverse trigonometric function?



- $y = \text{Arccos } x$
- $y = \text{Arcsin } x$
- $y = \text{Arctan } x$
- $y = \text{Arcsec } x$

### Solution

1.  $y = \text{Arccos}(x)$

Arccosine ( $y = \text{Arccos } x$ ) is the function inverse to the cosine ( $x = \cos(y)$ ). It has the domain  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$  and the range  $0 \leq y \leq \pi$ .

2.  $y = \text{Arcsin}(x)$

Arcsine ( $y = \text{arcsin } x$ ) is the inverse function of the sine ( $x = \sin(y)$ ). It has the domain  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$  and the range  $-\pi/2 \leq y \leq \pi/2$ .

3.  $y = \text{Arctan}(x)$

The arctangent ( $y = \text{arctan } x$ ) is a function inverse to the tangent ( $x = \tan(y)$ ), which has a domain  $-\infty < x < +\infty$  and the range  $-\pi/2 < y < \pi/2$ .

4.  $y = \text{Arcsec}(x)$

$$y = \text{arcsec}(x) = \arccos(1/x)$$

Arc secant is discontinuous function defined on entire real axis except the  $(-1, 1)$ , so its domain is  $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$ .

**Answer:**  $y = \text{Arcsin}(x)$ .