## Question # 85540, Math / Real Analysis

**Task:** Are the following statements true or false? Give reasons for your answers and explain in details.

- (a) Every subsequence of the sequence  $\{1/n^2\}$  is convergent.
- (b) The function  $f(x) = x^2 + |x|$  is differentiable at x = -1.
- (c) Every infinite set is an open set.
- (d) A necessary condition for a function f to be integrable is that it is continuous.
- (e) The sum of the series  $\sum_{r=1}^{3n} (1/3n + 2r)$  as  $n \to \infty$  can be calculated by evaluating the integral  $\int_{1}^{3} (1/2 + 2n) dn$

integral  $\int_{0}^{3} (1/3 + 2x) dx$ .

## Solution:

(a) True. A sequence converges if and only if every subsequence converges.  $\{1/n^2\}$  is convergent  $\Rightarrow$  every subsequence of this sequence is convergent.

- (b) True. For x < 0 we have  $f(x) = x^2 x$  and f'(x) = 2x 1, f'(-1) = -3.
- (c) False. The set  $\{x: -1 \leq x \leq 1\} = [-1, 1]$  is infinite set but closed in  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- (d) True. If f is continuous then f is Riemann integrable.

(e) False. 
$$\sum_{r=1}^{3n} (1/3n + 2r) = 1 + 3n(3n + 1) \to \infty$$
 as  $n \to \infty$ . But  $\int_{0}^{3} (1/3 + 2x) dx = 10$ .