

Answer on Question #84873 – Math – Geometry

Question

Find an area of the composite figure with 6 sides, if I only have 4 measurements to the sides.

Solution

Consider a composite figure with 6 sides $A_1A_2A_3A_4A_5A_6$. This figure can be divided into four triangles as shown in figure 1:

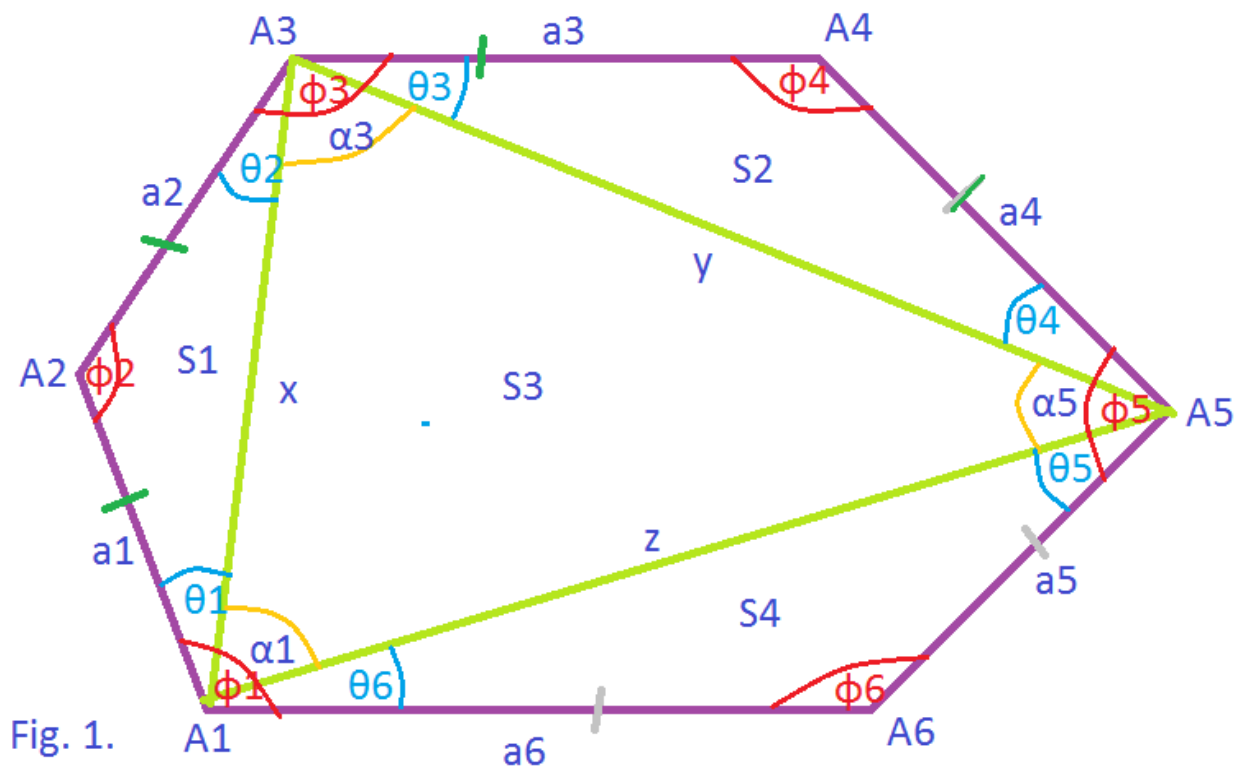


Fig. 1.

If we only have 4 sides, for example, a_1 , a_2 , a_3 and a_4 , then an area S of $A_1A_2A_3A_4A_5A_6$ will depend on angles between the sides of the figure. If we have these angles, then we can find unknown sides and the area of each triangle:

1) From the cosine theorem in triangles $A_1A_2A_3$ and $A_3A_4A_5$:

$$x = \sqrt{(a_1^2 + a_2^2 - 2a_1a_2\cos\phi_2)};$$

$$y = \sqrt{(a_3^2 + a_4^2 - 2a_3a_4\cos\phi_4)}.$$

2) From the sine theorem in triangles $A_1A_2A_3$ and $A_3A_4A_5$:

$$x/\sin\phi_2 = a_1/\sin\theta_2 = a_2/\sin\theta_1;$$

$$\theta_2 = \arcsin(a_1/x * \sin\phi_2);$$

$$\theta_1 = \arcsin(a_2/x * \sin\varphi_2);$$

$$y/\sin\varphi_4 = a_3/\sin\theta_4 = a_4/\sin\theta_3;$$

$$\theta_3 = \arcsin(a_4/y * \sin\varphi_4);$$

$$\theta_4 = \arcsin(a_3/y * \sin\varphi_4);$$

$$\alpha_3 = \varphi_3 - (\theta_2 + \theta_3).$$

3) From the cosine theorem in the triangle $A_1A_3A_5$:

$$z = \sqrt{(x^2 + y^2 - 2xy\cos\alpha_3)}.$$

4) From the sine theorem in the triangle $A_1A_3A_5$:

$$x/\sin\alpha_5 = y/\sin\alpha_1 = z/\sin\alpha_3;$$

$$\alpha_1 = \arcsin(y/z * \sin\alpha_3);$$

$$\alpha_5 = \arcsin(x/z * \sin\alpha_3);$$

$$\theta_5 = \varphi_5 - (\theta_4 + \alpha_5);$$

$$\theta_6 = \varphi_1 - (\theta_1 + \alpha_1).$$

5) From the sine theorem in the triangle $A_1A_5A_6$:

$$a_6/\sin\theta_5 = a_5/\sin\theta_6 = z/\sin\varphi_6;$$

$$a_5 = z * \sin\theta_6/\sin\varphi_6;$$

$$a_6 = z * \sin\theta_5/\sin\varphi_6.$$

6) Find the area of the composite figure:

$$S_1 = 1/2 * a_1a_2\sin\varphi_2;$$

$$S_2 = 1/2 * a_3a_4\sin\varphi_4;$$

$$S_3 = 1/2 * xy\sin\alpha_3;$$

$$S_4 = 1/2 * a_5a_6\sin\varphi_6;$$

$$S = S_1 + S_2 + S_3 + S_4.$$