

Answer on Question #82971 – Math – Calculus Question

1. $\int_{1/4}^{1/2} \text{Arcsin } x \, dx$

Solution

We integrate in parts:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{1/4}^{1/2} \text{Arcsin } x \, dx &= [x \cdot \text{Arcsin } x]_{1/4}^{1/2} - \int_{1/4}^{1/2} x \, d(\text{Arcsin } x) = \\ &= [x \cdot \text{Arcsin } x]_{1/4}^{1/2} - \int_{1/4}^{1/2} \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \, dx = [x \cdot \text{Arcsin } x]_{1/4}^{1/2} + \left[\sqrt{1-x^2} \right]_{1/4}^{1/2} = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{Arcsin } \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \text{Arcsin } \frac{1}{4} + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} - \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2} = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \text{Arcsin } \frac{1}{4} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{16}} = \frac{\pi}{12} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \text{Arcsin } \frac{1}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{4} \approx 0.096 \end{aligned}$$

Question

2. $\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}/2} x e^{2x} \cos^2 x \, dx$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}/2} x e^{2x} \cos^2 x \, dx &= \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}/2} x e^{2x} \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2} \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}/2} x e^{2x} \, dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}/2} x e^{2x} \cos 2x \, dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} 2x e^{2x} \, d2x + \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} 2x e^{2x} \cos 2x \, d2x = \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} y e^y \, dy + \frac{1}{8} \int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} y e^y \cos y \, dy \Big|_{y=2x} = \\ &= \frac{1}{8} [e^y (y-1)]_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{1}{16} [e^y (y \cos y + (y-1) \sin y)]_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} = \\ &= \frac{1}{8} e^{\sqrt{\pi}} (\sqrt{\pi} - 1) - \frac{1}{8} e^0 (0 - 1) + \frac{1}{16} e^{\sqrt{\pi}} (\sqrt{\pi} \cos \sqrt{\pi} + (\sqrt{\pi} - 1) \sin \sqrt{\pi}) - \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{16} e^0 (0 \cos 0 + (0 - 1) \sin 0) = \\ &= \frac{1}{8} e^{\sqrt{\pi}} (\sqrt{\pi} - 1) + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} e^{\sqrt{\pi}} (\sqrt{\pi} \cos \sqrt{\pi} + (\sqrt{\pi} - 1) \sin \sqrt{\pi}) \approx 0.841. \end{aligned}$$