

**Answer on Question #82486 – Math – Real Analysis**

1. Establish either the sequence  $X = x_n$  converges or diverges where

**Question**

i)

$$x_n = \frac{n}{n+1}$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+1} = 1$$

**Answer:** the sequence converges

**Question**

ii)

$$x_n = \frac{(-1)^n n}{n+1}$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+1} = 1 \text{ for even } n$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-n}{n+1} = -1 \text{ for odd } n$$

So, the sequence has not limit.

**Answer:** the sequence diverges

**Question**

iii)

$$x_n = \frac{n^2}{n+1}$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( n - 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} \right) = \infty$$

**Answer:** the sequence diverges

2. Find the limits of the sequences

**Question**

i)

$$\left( 2 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^2$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^2 = 2^2 = 4$$

**Answer:** 4.

**Question**

ii)

$$\frac{(-1)^n}{n+2}$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n+2} = 0$$

**Answer:** 0.

**Question**

iii)

$$\frac{n^{1/2} - 1}{n^{1/2} + 1}$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^{1/2}-1}{n^{1/2}+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^{1/2}(1-1/n^{1/2})}{n^{1/2}(1+1/n^{1/2})} = \frac{1-0}{1+0} = 1.$$

**Answer: 1.**

iv)

**Question**

$$\frac{n+1}{nn^{1/2}}$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{nn^{1/2}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+1/n}{n^{1/2}} = 0$$

**Answer: 0.**

**Question**

v)

$$\frac{a^{n+1} + b^{n+1}}{a^n + b^n} \text{ for } 0 < a < b$$

**Solution**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a^{n+1} + b^{n+1}}{a^n + b^n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{a^{n+1}}{b^{n+1}} + \frac{b^{n+1}}{b^{n+1}}}{\frac{a^n}{b^{n+1}} + \frac{b^n}{b^{n+1}}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{b}} = b.$$

**Answer:  $b$ .**