

## Answer on Question #82286 – Math – Differential Equations

### Question

Find a power series solution in powers of  $x - 1$  of the initial-value problem.

$$xy''(x) + y'(x) + 2y(x) = 0, \quad y(1) = 2, y'(1) = 4$$

### Solution

$$y(x) = y(1) + y'(1)(x - 1) + \frac{y''(1)}{2!}(x - 1)^2 + \frac{y'''(1)}{3!}(x - 1)^3 + \frac{y^{(4)}(1)}{4!}(x - 1)^4 + \dots$$

$$y''(x) = -\frac{y'(x) + 2y(x)}{x}$$

$$y''(1) = -(4 + 2 \cdot 2) = -8$$

$$y'''(x) = -\frac{x(y''(x) + 2y'(x)) - y'(x) - 2y(x)}{x^2}$$

$$y'''(1) = 8 - 2 \cdot 4 + 4 + 2 \cdot 2 = 8$$

$$y^{(4)}(x) = -\frac{x(y'''(x) + 2y''(x)) - y''(x) - 2y'(x)}{x^2} + \frac{x^2(y''(x) + 2y'(x)) - 2x(y'(x) + 2y(x))}{x^4}$$

$$y^{(4)}(1) = -(8 - 2 \cdot 8) - 8 + 2 \cdot 4 - 8 + 2 \cdot 4 - 2 \cdot (4 + 2 \cdot 2) = -8$$

$$y(x) = 2 + 4(x - 1) - \frac{8}{2!}(x - 1)^2 + \frac{8}{3!}(x - 1)^3 - \frac{8}{4!}(x - 1)^4 + \dots$$

$$y(x) = 2 + 4(x - 1) - 4(x - 1)^2 + \frac{4}{3}(x - 1)^3 - \frac{1}{3}(x - 1)^4 + \dots$$

**Answer:**

$$y(x) = 2 + 4(x - 1) - 4(x - 1)^2 + \frac{4}{3}(x - 1)^3 - \frac{1}{3}(x - 1)^4 + \dots$$