

Answer on Question #81216 – Math – Calculus

Question

1. Integral of sin squared 2x cos raised to 4 2x dx
2. Integral of cot raised to 5 x dx

Solution

1.

$$\begin{aligned}\int \sin^2(2x)\cos^4(2x)dx &= \int (\sin(2x)\cos(2x))^2 \cos^2(2x)dx = \\ &= \int \left(\frac{1}{2}\sin(4x)\right)^2 \cdot \frac{1+\cos(4x)}{2} dx = \frac{1}{8} \int \sin^2(4x)dx + \frac{1}{8} \int \sin^2(4x)\cos(4x)dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{16} \int (1 - \cos(8x))dx + \frac{1}{32} \int \sin^2(4x)d\sin(4x) = \\ &= \frac{1}{16}x - \frac{1}{128}\sin(8x) + \frac{1}{96}\sin^3(4x) + C\end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned}\int \cot^5 x dx &= \int \frac{\cos^5 x}{\sin^5 x} dx = \int \frac{\cos^5 x \sin x dx}{\sin^6 x} = \left[\begin{array}{l} \sin^2 x = t \\ 2\sin x \cos x dx = dt \\ \cos^2 x = 1 - t^2 \end{array} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(1-t^2)^2 dt}{t^3} = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int (t^{-3} - 2t^{-1} + t) dt = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{4}t^{-4} - 2\ln|t| + \frac{1}{2}t^2 \right) + C = -\frac{1}{8\sin^8 x} - 2\ln|\sin x| + \frac{1}{4}\sin^2 x + C\end{aligned}$$

Answer: 1. $\int \sin^2(2x)\cos^4(2x)dx = \frac{1}{16}x - \frac{1}{128}\sin(8x) + \frac{1}{96}\sin^3(4x) + C;$

2. $\int \cot^5 x dx = \frac{1}{16}x - \frac{1}{128}\sin(8x) + \frac{1}{96}\sin^3(4x) + C$