

Answer on Question #81010 - Math - Trigonometry

Question

Two points, A and B, are 526 apart on a level stretch of road leading to a hill. The angle of elevation of the hilltop from A is $26^{\circ}30'$, and the angle of elevation from B is $36^{\circ}40'$. How high is the hill

Solution



1. Points A and B are the data points in the conditions. Point C is the top of the hill. Point D is the projection of the top of the hill on the line AB
2. $\angle CAD = 26^{\circ}30' = 26.5^{\circ}$; $\angle CBD = 36^{\circ}40' = 36.6667^{\circ}$;
3. If $CD = x$ and $BD = y$ then

$$\tan \angle CAD = \frac{x}{y + 526}; \text{ then } x = \tan \angle CAD * y + \tan \angle CAD * 526$$

$$\tan \angle CBD = \frac{x}{y}; \text{ then } x = \tan \angle CBD * y$$

$$\text{Since } x = x \text{ then } \tan \angle CAD * y + \tan \angle CAD * 526 = \tan \angle CBD * y;$$
$$\tan \angle CAD = \tan 26.5^{\circ} = 0.50 \text{ and } \tan \angle CBD = \tan 36.6667^{\circ} = 0.74 \text{ then}$$

$$0.5 * y + 0.5 * 526 = 0.74 * y;$$

$$0.24 * y = 263;$$

$$y = 1095.83;$$

4. Since $\tan \angle CBD = \frac{x}{y}$ then $x = \tan \angle CBD * y$;

$$x = 0.74 * 1095.83 = 821.875$$

Answer: The height of the hill is equal to 824.875.