# Answer on Question \#80922 - Math - Calculus 

## Question

the period of a compound pendulum is given by $\mathrm{P}=2 \backslash \mathrm{pi} \operatorname{sqrt}\left(\left(\mathrm{H}^{2}+\mathrm{K}^{2}\right) /(\mathrm{GH})\right)$. express k in terms of p , h and g taking $\backslash \mathrm{pi}^{2}$ as 20

## Solution

$$
p=\frac{2}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{h^{2}+k^{2}}{g h}}
$$

$$
\frac{\pi^{2} p^{2}}{4}=\frac{h^{2}+k^{2}}{g h}
$$

$$
k^{2}=\frac{\pi^{2} p^{2}}{4} g h-h^{2}
$$

$$
k=\sqrt{\frac{\pi^{2} p^{2}}{4} g h-h^{2}}
$$

Answer: $k=\sqrt{\frac{\pi^{2} p^{2}}{4} g h-h^{2}}$.

