Question 1. Show that f = O(1) as $x \to a$ if and only if f(x) is bounded on some neighborhood of a.

Solution. Recall that f(x) = O(g(x)) as $x \to a$ iff there are M > 0 and $\delta > 0$, such that $|f(x)| \leq M|g(x)|$ for all x with $|x - a| < \delta$. Use this definition in the case when $g(x) \equiv 1$ and obtain that there are M > 0 and $\delta > 0$ such that $|f(x)| \leq M$ for all x, such that $|x - a| < \delta$. This is precisely the statement that f is bounded by M in the δ -neighborhood of a. \Box