## Answer on Question #80447 - Math - Calculus

## Question

Consider the sequence 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26

- A) Find the next term
- **B)** Find the 50<sup>th</sup> term
- C) Find the formula for general or nth term

## Solution

- A) Each term is obtained by adding 5 to its predecessor. Then this sequence is linear. The next term is 26+5=31.
- **C)** Notice that  $a_1 = 1$ ,  $a_2 = 1 + 1 \cdot 5$ ,  $a_3 = 1 + 2 \cdot 5$ ,...
- so the formula for the general term or nth term is

$$a_n = 5(n-1) + 1 = 5n - 4$$
 for  $n = 1, 2, 3 \dots$ 

**B)** Using the formula  $a_n = 5n - 4$  find  $a_{50} = 5 \cdot 50 - 4 = 246$ 

**Answer:** A) 31; B) 246; C)  $a_n = 5n - 4$ .

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