ANSWER on Question #79736 – Math – Calculus

QUESTION

Evaluate the integral

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx$$

SOLUTION

To solve this problem, we recall the definition of the beta function

$$B(x, y) = \int_{0}^{1} t^{x-1} (1-t)^{y-1} dt$$

Or

$$B(x, y) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{t^{x-1}}{(t+1)^{x+y}} dt$$

Let us try to bring the given integral to this form. We introduce a substitution

$$t = \frac{1 - x^4}{1 + x^4}$$

Let us see how to change the integrand and the boundaries of integration.

1. Integration limits.

$$x = 0 \to t = \frac{1 - 0^4}{1 + 0^4} = 1 \to \boxed{x = 0 \to t = 1}$$
$$x = 1 \to t = \frac{1 - 1^4}{1 + 1^4} = \frac{1 - 1}{1 + 1} = \frac{0}{2} = 0 \to \boxed{x = 1 \to t = 0}$$

2. Integrand.

$$t = \frac{1 - x^4}{1 + x^4} \to t(1 + x^4) = 1 - x^4 \to t + tx^4 = 1 - x^4 \to tx^4 + x^4 = 1 - t \to x^4(t+1) = 1 - t \to x^4 = \frac{1 - t}{1 + t} \to x = \left(\frac{1 - t}{1 + 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$
$$x = \left(\frac{1 - t}{1 + 4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \to dx = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1 - t}{1 + t}\right)^{\frac{1}{4} - 1} \cdot \frac{-1 \cdot (t+1) - 1 \cdot (1 - t)}{(1 + t)^2} dt \to dx = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1 - t}{1 + t}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \cdot \frac{-t - 1 - 1 + t}{(1 + t)^2} dt \to dx = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1 - t}{1 + t}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \cdot \frac{-2}{(1 + t)^2} dt \to dx$$

$$dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1-t}{1+t}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \cdot \frac{dt}{(1+t)^2}$$

$$1 - x^4 = 1 - \frac{1-t}{1+t} = \frac{1+t-(1-t)}{1+t} = \frac{1+t-1+t}{1+t} = \frac{2t}{1+t} \rightarrow \boxed{1-x^4 = \frac{2t}{1+t}}$$

$$1 + x^4 = 1 + \frac{1-t}{1+t} = \frac{1+t+(1-t)}{1+t} = \frac{1+t+1-t}{1+t} = \frac{2}{1+t} \rightarrow \boxed{1+x^4 = \frac{2}{1+t}}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx &= \frac{\left(\frac{2t}{1+t}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{\left(\frac{2}{1+t}\right)^2} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1-t}{1+t}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \cdot \frac{dt}{(1+t)^2} \to \\ \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx &= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(2t)^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot (1+t)^2}{2^2 \cdot (1+t)^{\frac{3}{4}}} \cdot \frac{(1-t)^{-\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+t)^{-\frac{3}{4}}} \cdot \frac{dt}{(1+t)^2} \to \\ \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx &= -\frac{1}{2^1} \cdot \frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot (t)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{2^2} \cdot \frac{(1-t)^{-\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+t)^{\frac{3}{4}-\frac{3}{4}}} \cdot \frac{(1+t)^2}{(1+t)^2} dt \to \\ \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx &= -2^{\frac{3}{4}-1-2} \cdot t^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot (1-t)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \cdot dt = -2^{\frac{3}{4}-1-2} \cdot t^{\frac{7}{4}-1} \cdot (1-t)^{\frac{1}{4}-1} \cdot dt \to \\ \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx &= -2^{\frac{3-4-8}{4}} \cdot t^{\frac{7}{4}-1} \cdot (1-t)^{\frac{1}{4}-1} \cdot dt \to \\ \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx &= -2^{\frac{3-4-8}{4}} \cdot t^{\frac{7}{4}-1} \cdot (1-t)^{\frac{1}{4}-1} \cdot dt \end{split}$$

Then

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{(1-x^{4})^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^{4})^{2}} dx = \int_{1}^{0} -2^{\frac{-9}{4}} \cdot t^{\frac{7}{4}-1} \cdot (1-t)^{\frac{1}{4}-1} \cdot dt \rightarrow$$

We use the next property of a definite integral

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx = -\int_{b}^{a} f(x)dx$$

Then

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{(1-x^{4})^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^{4})^{2}} dx = -\left(-2^{-\frac{9}{4}}\right) \int_{0}^{1} t^{\frac{7}{4}-1} \cdot (1-t)^{\frac{1}{4}-1} \cdot dt \equiv 2^{-\frac{9}{4}} \cdot B\left(\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

Conclusion,

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{(1-x^{4})^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^{4})^{2}} dx = 2^{-\frac{9}{4}} \cdot B\left(\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

ANSWER:

$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{(1-x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{(1+x^4)^2} dx = 2^{-\frac{9}{4}} \cdot B\left(\frac{7}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$$