## Answer on Question \#78948 - Math - Complex Analysis

## Question

Find the sum of fifth roots of unity.

## Solution

By definition, the $5^{\text {th }}$ roots of unity are the solutions of the equation:

$$
\begin{equation*}
x^{5}=1 \tag{I}
\end{equation*}
$$

And so they are also the solutions of the equation:

$$
\begin{equation*}
x^{5}-1=0 . \tag{II}
\end{equation*}
$$

However, the sum of the roots of the eqn. (II), as with any monic polynomial, is the opposite of the coefficient of the next-to-leading term. In eqn. (II), the next-toleading term is the $\mathrm{x}^{4}$ term. Its coefficient is clearly 0 . Therefore, its opposite is clearly 0 . Thus, the sum of the solutions of (II) is 0 . Hence the sum of the solutions of $(\mathrm{I})$ is 0 .
Thus, the sum of the $5^{\text {th }}$ roots of unity is 0 .
Answer: the sum of the $5^{\text {th }}$ roots of unity is 0 .

Source: Find the sum of the 5th roots of unity. (2018, March 7). Retrieved from https://socratic.org/questions/find-the-sum-of-the-5th-roots-of-unity-6

