

## ANSWER on Question #74996 – Math – Calculus

2 kg of water is heated from 0°C to 100°C and converted into steam at the same temperature. Calculate the increase in entropy, given that specific heat of water is

$$c = 4.18 \times 10^3 \frac{J}{kg \cdot K} \rightarrow c = 4180 \frac{J}{kg \cdot K}$$

and Latent heat of vaporization is

$$L_{vaporization} = 2.27 \times 10^7 \frac{J}{kg}$$

### SOLUTION

Entropy is a state function defined by (per unit mass)

$$ds = \frac{dq_{rev}}{T}$$

The second law defines entropy as a state function and permits the following statements:

- a) For a reversible process the entropy of the universe remains constant.
- b) For an irreversible process the entropy of the universe will increase.

( More information: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Entropy> )

In our case,

Entropy increases in other processes: 1) heating of water; 2) water transfer to steam.

$$\Delta S = \Delta S_1 + \Delta S_2$$

Step 1: Compute the increase in entropy resulting from increasing the water temperature from  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ :

Let us first translate the temperature into the absolute Kelvin scale

$$t_1 = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow T_1 = (0 + 273)\text{K} = 273\text{K}$$

$$t_2 = 100^{\circ}\text{C} \rightarrow T_2 = (100 + 273)\text{K} = 373\text{K}$$

Then,

$$ds = \frac{cmdT}{T} \rightarrow \int_{s_1}^{s_2} ds = \int_{T_1}^{T_2} \frac{cmdT}{T} \rightarrow \underbrace{s_2 - s_1}_{\Delta S_1} = cm \cdot \ln|T| \Big|_{T_1}^{T_2} = cm \cdot (\ln|T_2| - \ln|T_1|) \rightarrow$$

$$\Delta S_1 = cm \cdot \ln\left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right) = 4180 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{K}} \cdot 2\text{kg} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{373}{273}\right) = \left(8360 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{373}{273}\right)\right) \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} \rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{\Delta S_1 = \left(8360 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{373}{273}\right)\right) \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} \approx 2609.211 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}}$$

Step 2: Compute the change in entropy from conversion of  $2\text{kg}$  of water to steam, which involves a latent heat term. This is

$$\Delta S_2 = \frac{mL_{\text{vaporization}}}{T} = \frac{2\text{kg} \cdot 2.27 \times 10^7 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}}}{373\text{K}} = \frac{4.54 \times 10^7 \text{J}}{373} \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} \approx 121715.818 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}$$

$$\boxed{\Delta S_2 = \frac{4.54 \times 10^7 \text{J}}{373} \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} \approx 121715.818 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}}$$

Conclusion,

$$\Delta S = \Delta S_1 + \Delta S_2 \approx 2609.211 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} + 121715.818 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}} = 124325.029 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}$$

$$\boxed{\Delta S \approx 124325.029 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{K}}}$$

## ANSWER

$$\Delta S \approx 124325.029 \frac{J}{K}$$

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