

Answer on Question #72627, Math / Statistics and Probability

Find the probability of being dealt a bridge hand of 13 cards containing 5 spades, 2 hearts, 3 diamonds, and 3 clubs.

Solution

A bridge deck has 52 cards with 13 cards in each of four suits: spades, hearts, diamonds, and clubs.

Let X_1, X_2, X_3 and X_4 are the random variables which denote the number of spades, hearts, diamonds, and clubs respectively, in a bridge hand of 13 cards.

Thus, X_1, X_2, X_3 and X_4 jointly have a multivariate hypergeometric distribution with parameters, $N = 52, n = 13$ and $a_i = 13, \forall i = 1, 2, 3, 4$.

Joint probability mass function of X_1, X_2, X_3 and X_4 is given by

$$\begin{aligned}
 & h \left(\begin{array}{c} x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \\ a_1 = 13, a_2 = 13, a_3 = 13, a_4 = 13 \\ N = 52, n = 13 \end{array} \right) \\
 &= \frac{\binom{a_1}{x_1} \binom{a_2}{x_2} \binom{a_3}{x_3} \binom{a_4}{x_4}}{\binom{N}{n}} \text{ with } \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i = n \text{ and } \sum_{i=1}^4 a_i = N \\
 &= \frac{\binom{13}{x_1} \binom{13}{x_2} \binom{13}{x_3} \binom{13}{x_4}}{\binom{52}{13}}
 \end{aligned}$$

We have that $x_1 = 5, x_2 = 2, x_3 = 3, x_4 = 3$. Then

$$\begin{aligned}
 & h \left(\begin{array}{c} x_1 = 5, x_2 = 2, x_3 = 3, x_4 = 3 \\ a_1 = 13, a_2 = 13, a_3 = 13, a_4 = 13 \\ N = 52, n = 13 \end{array} \right) = \\
 &= \frac{\binom{13}{5} \binom{13}{2} \binom{13}{3} \binom{13}{3}}{\binom{52}{13}} = \\
 &= \frac{13!}{5!(13-5)!} \cdot \frac{13!}{2!(13-2)!} \cdot \frac{13!}{3!(13-3)!} \cdot \frac{13!}{3!(13-3)!} = \\
 &= \frac{52!}{13!(52-13)!} \\
 &= \frac{1287(78)(286)(286)}{635013559600} \approx
 \end{aligned}$$

≈ 0.01293